Declassification Review by NGA

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TOPSECRET 020136Z CI	TE 1663. #37.8EP 2 02 12	<b>Z</b> 25X1/
PRIORITY		1,
	THE THE PERSON THEFT PERSON (PEIR)	25X1
SUBJ: MISSION 1043 PHOTOGRAPH	IC EVALUATION INTERIM REPORT (PEIR)	2
REF: A.		1 25×1
B		- SZUAL
1. NUMERICAL SUMMARY	1043-1, 7-14 AUGUST 1967	\ <del></del>
MSN NO AND DATES	1043-2. 14-22 AUGUS! 1907	
LAUNCH DATE AND TIME:	7 AUGUST 1967/2143Z	1-0
VEHICLE NUMBER:	1637	1 40
CAMERA SYSTEM:	J-42	-3 th 1 100 100
PAN CAMERA NO:	FORWARD-LOOKING, 200	74
	AFT-LOOKING, 201	
MDM ID40 I D. I	D107/135/135 D112/139/143	F^ }
MSN 1043-2 S/I NO:	MSN 1043-1, 113	F - B
RECOVERY REVS:	MSN 1043-2, 240	1. 14.3
2. CAMERA SETTINGS		2 3 4 6 4
FWD-LOOKING	0.200 INCH SLIT, WRATTEN 23A	
AFT-LOOKING	0.150 INCH SLIT, WRATTEN 21	'
	TO THE OCCUPRENCE OF S	YSTEM
3. PERFORMANCE SUMMARY THE IMAGE QUALITY OF MISSION 1043 UP TO THE OCCURRENCE OF SYSTEM MALFUNCTIONS WAS GOOD AND COMPARABLE TO RECENT CORONA MISSIONS. THE MALFUNCTIONS WAS GOOD AND COMPARABLE TO RECENT CORONA MISSION AND THE		
AFT CAMERA PERFORMED SALISFACTORILI THROUGHOUT.  IMAGE QUALITY OF THE AFT MATERIAL WAS GOOD AND CONSISTENT THROUGHOUT.  THE FWD CAMERA SUFFERED A LOSS IN IMAGE QUALITY DUE TO AN ERRATIC SCAN  THE FWD CAMERA SUFFERED A LOSS IN IMAGE QUALITY OF THE RAILS. THE		
RATE WHICH FINALLY CAUSED COMPLETE FILM THE THE THEORY GOOD TO POOR. THE PHOTO-INTERPRETABILITY OF MISSION 1043 RANGES FROM GOOD TO POOR. THE PHOTO-INTERPRETABILITY OF MISSION QUALITY OF MOST IMAGERY GENERATED DURING THE FIRST HALF OF THE MISSION QUALITY OF MOST IMAGERY GENERATED DURING THE FIRST HALF OF THE MISSION		
QUALITY OF MOST IMAGERY GENER	ATED DURING THE FIRST HALF OF THE P	TIONS
(MISSION 1043-1) IS CONSIDERE	D TO BE GOOD WHEN ATMOSPHERIC CONDI	PHERIC

DEGRADATION OF THE MASTER CAMERA IMAGERY WAS SOMEWHAT ALLEVIATED UP TO PASS 228D BY THE AVAILABILITY OF GOOD SLAVE CAMERA IMAGERY ALLOW-ING STEREOSCOPIC COVERAGE. ANOMALIES THE NORMAL SCAN RATE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE FWD-LOOKING CAMERA CHANGED DURING OPERATION ON 68D TO AN ABNORMAL RETARDATION OF

ARE FAVORABLE. THERE WAS, HOWEVER, A PREVALENCE OF ADVERSE ATMOSPHERIC CONDITIONS. ADDITIONAL DEGRADATION ATTRIBUTED TO BLOWING SAND IS

APPARENT IN CERTAIN HEAVILY TARGETED AREAS OF 1043-1. THE PI SUIT-ABILITY OF MISSION 1043-2 IS POORER THAN THAT OF MISSION 1043-1. THE ERRATIC SCAN RATE AND EVENTUAL FAILURE CAUSED A VARYING DEGREE OF IMAGE DEGRADATION TO THE MASTER CAMERA RECORD. NO STEREOSCOPIC ANALYSIS WAS POSSIBLE AFTER PASS 228D FRAME 119. THE EFFECT OF THE

SCAN DURING THE LAST THIRD OF ALL SUCCEEDING FRAMES. ALL MATERIAL RETURNED FROM THE FWD-LOOKING CAMERA AFTER FRAME 119 OF PASS 228D IS SEVERELY DEGRADED; MATERIAL FROM THE LAST

13 OPERATIONS WAS NOT RETURNED.

CAUSE: THESE ANOMALIES ARE BELIEVED RELATED: THE SLOWING OF SCAN DURING PART OF EACH CYCLE WAS CAUSED BY A MECHANICAL BINDING WHICH PROGRESSIVELY WORSENED, RESULTING EVENTUALLY IN PULLING THE FILM OUT OF THE RAILS. THE RETARDATION EFFECT BECAME READILY OBSERVABLE DURING TEN FRAMES OF PASS 68D; ANALYSIS INDICATED THAT SCAN RATE CHARACTERISTICS WERE PRÉVIOUSLY NORMAL. THE CONDITION GRADUALLY PROGRESSED UNTIL ON REV 159, ERRORS OF 45 PERCENT EXISTED ON THE SUPPLY SIDE OF THE FORMATS. THESE ERRORS CAUSED A NOTICEABLE LOSS OF IMAGE QUALITY AND WERE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CYCLE RATE/CYCLE COUNT DISCREPANCIES NOTED ON TM. THESE DISCREPANCIES WERE NOT FLAGGED AT THE TIME AS A CAMERA PROBLEM, SINCE THE SYSTEM RESPONDED AFTER THE END OF SCAN



WITH A SPEED-UP, WHICH NEARLY COMPENSATED FOR THE APPARENT 20 DEGREES OF BINDING. THE EFFECT OF SUCH A SPEED-UP AT SCAN END IS TO INTRODUCE FILM TENSION TRANSIENTS INTO THE TRANSPORT SYSTEM. SLACK LOOPS CAUSED BY THE TRANSIENTS WERE ABSORBED DURING THE FIRST MISSION BY THE NATURE OF THE FILM PATH, AND DURING MOST OF THE SECOND MISSION BY THE RELATIVELY LOW INERTIA OF THE TAKE-UP CASSETTE. THE TENSION TRANSIENTS CAUSE FILM TO SLIP PAST THE FRAME METERING ROLLER, THE SLIPPAGE INCREASING AS THE MISSION PROGRESSES. ULTIMATELY, AN IRRECOVERABLE SLACK LOOP CONDITION OCCURRED, WHICH ON REV 228 FRAME 120 RESULTED IN THE FILM BEING PULLED FROM THE RAILS. PROCEDING FRAMES ON 228D SHOWED DECIDED BANDING, EVIDENCE OF CONTINUING SCAN RATE DIFFI-CULTIES. FOLLOWING RAIL PULL-OUT, THE IMAGERY WAS SEVERELY DEGRADED AND THE FORMAT LENGTH WAS AFFECTED BY THE FILM CHORD CREATED BETWEEN HORIZON CAMERA CLAMPS. PORT HORIZON PHOTOGRAPHY WAS SMEARED SINCE THE FILM WAS PULLED THROUGH THE SUPPLY H.O. AS THE SCAN HEAD MOVED THROUGH THE SCAN PHASE. EXTENT OF FILM MOTION WAS COMPARABLE TO THAT OBSERVED ON MISSION 1021, THE LAST CORONA OUT OF RAIL CONDITION. THE EXACT CAUSE OF THE BINDING COULD NOT BE DETERMINED FROM EXAMINATION OF THE FILM. THE BINDING COULD HAVE OCCURRED EITHER IN THE SCAN HEAD OR IN THE CAMERA GEAR AND PULLY MECHANISMS.

WAS NOT ABLE TO COME AS INDICATED ABOVE, L TO A DEFINITE CONCLUSION AS TO THE CAUSE OF THIS MALFUNCTION. 25X1 ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS WILL BE CONDUCTED AT ATTEMPT TO ISOLATE THE CAUSE. CAMERA CLEANLINESS AND OPERATION 25X1 INCLUDING SCAN RATES WILL CONTINUE TO BE RIGOROUSLY CHECKED PRIOR B. A PLUS DENSITY STREAK WAS PRESENT THROUGHOUT THE MISSION ON TO FLIGHT. (MONITORS: L

25X1

THE INBOARD EDGE OF THE FORWARD CAMERA FORMAT.

CAUSE: THIS STREAK WAS APPARENTLY CAUSED BY AN IN-FLIGHT DISTORTION IN THE FILTER. THE FILTER EDGE WAS ACTING AS A CYLIN-DRICAL LENS CAUSING OVEREXPOSURE AND SEVERELY DEGRADED IMAGERY ON APPROXIMATELY 0.025 INCH OF THE FORMAT EDGE. THE CONDITION WAS ACCOMPANIED BY MINOR UNRELATED SCAN HEAD SCRATCHES IN THE TEN PER-

CENT OVERLAP AREA. ACTION: INSURE THAT FILTERS ARE PROPERLY SEATED AND FASTENED

(MONITOR: L C. CANTED TIME WORD, THE BINARY TIME WORD APPEARS TO BE CANTED DURING INSTALLATION. 25X1 RELATIVE TO THE CAMERA NUMBER INDEX. THE BINARY PORTION OF THE DATA BLOCK IS PARALLEL TO THE MATERIAL EDGE. BUT THE CAMERA SERIAL NUMBER AND THE SERIAL INDEX ARE DISPLACED CLOSER TO THE ACTIVE FORMAT BY APPROXIMATELY 0.015 INCH.

CAUSE: THE INSTRUMENT SERIAL NUMBER AND SERIAL INDEX BIT, ARE PRODUCED BY A COMMON MASK ATTACHED TO THE DATA BLOCK ASSEMBLY AND TRANSILLUMINATED BY A SINGLE LIGHT SOURCE. APPARENTLY, THIS MASK WAS POSITIONED INCORRECTLY DURING MANUFACTURING.

ACTION: THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENT SERIAL NUMBER/SERIAL INDEX MASK AND THE BINARY DATA BLOCK WILL BE CHECKED AND CORRECTED IF REQUIRED DURING READINESS TESTING AT

COMMENTS WERE MADE IN THE REAGIN 31 MESSAGE RELATIVE TO PG (MONITOR: L 25×1 PERFORMANCE. J-42 CAMERA HAD PG CAPABILITY; HOWEVER, MISSION 1043 WAS NOT PROGRAMMED AS A PG MISSION. CONSEQUENTLY NODAL TRACES WERE PROGRAMMED TO BE OPERATIVE ON A FEW SELECTED DOMESTIC PASSES AND WERE RECORDED AS PREVIOUSLY NOTED. AT THE BEGINNING OF 1043-1, RAIL HOLE IMAGERY WAS CONSISTENT WITH PRE-FLIGHT TEST RESULTS AND WAS ACCEPTABLE.

DURING THE LATTER PART OF 1043-1 AND IN 1043-2, EMULSION FILLED RAIL HOLES AND CAUSED APPROXIMATELY 75 PERCENT LOSS OF RAIL HOLE IMAGERY.

EFFECTIVE WITH CR-2 THE RAIL HOLES WILL BE FILLED WITH TRANSLUCENT MATERIAL WHICH SHOULD ALLEVIATE THE HOLE FILLING PROBLEM.

E. A SMALL MINUS DENSITY SPOT WHICH APPEARS TO BE A FOREIGN PARTICLE ON THE RESEAU PLATE IS IMAGED ON THE 1843-2 STELLAR CAMERA. IT REMAINS IN THE SAME LOCATION ON EVERY FRAME TO THE END OF THE

CAUSE: NO STELLAR ORIGINAL NEGATIVE OR DUPE POSITIVE FOR 1043-2 WAS AVAILABLE FOR THE EVALUATION.

ACTION: ALL PAYLOAD CONTRACTORS ARE REQUESTED TO STRESS

OBSERVATION OF GOOD CLEANLINESS STANDARDS. F. MINUS DENSITY STREAKS ON BOTH 1043-1 AND 1043-2 UP TO 0.25 OF AN INCH WIDE ARE PRESENT INTERMITTENTLY THROUGHOUT THE MISSION.

THEY APPEAR TO FOLLOW THE PATH OF THE FIELD FLATTENER.

CAUSE: A FOREIGN PARTICLE WAS APPARENTLY TRAPPED IN THE LENS STOVE BETWEEN THE NUMBER FIVE ELEMENT AND THE FIELD FLATTENER. THIS PARTICLE BECAME ATTACHED TO THE UNDERSIDE OF THE FIELD FLATTENER AND MOVED WITH IT DURING PHOTOGRAPHIC SCAN.

ACTION: ALL PAYLOAD CONTRACTORS ARE REQUESTED TO STRESS OBSERVATION OF GOOD CLEANLINESS STANDARDS.

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END OF MESSAGE

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